1	TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS TO TITLES
2	78A AND 78B
3	2008 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Chief Sponsor: Gregory S. Bell
6	House Sponsor: Douglas C. Aagard
7	
8	LONG TITLE
9	General Description:
10	This bill makes technical and coordinating amendments to Titles 78A and 78B that were
11	missed in the recodification process.
12	Highlighted Provisions:
13	This bill:
14	repeals provisions overlooked in the recodification process;
15	coordinates with legislation already passed;
16	amends a section to correct missing language;
17	creates transition and savings clauses; and
18	 makes technical cross-reference changes.
19	Monies Appropriated in this Bill:
20	None
21	Other Special Clauses:
22	This bill provides an immediate effective date and retrospective operation.
23	This bill coordinates with S.B. 16, Exoneration and Innocence Assistance, providing for
24	technical renumbering.
25	Utah Code Sections Affected:
26	AMENDS:
27	78B-2-113, as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
28	78B-6-121, as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
29	78B-6-122 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3

30	78B-6-901 , as renumbered and amended by Laws of Utah 2008, Chapter 3
31	ENACTS:
32	78A-1-106 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
33	78A-1-107 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
34	RENUMBERS AND AMENDS:
35	78A-6-1220 , (Renumbered from 78-57-110, as enacted by Laws of Utah 1999, Chapter
36	94)
37	REPEALS:
38	78-3a-115.1 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2004, Chapter 324
39	78-11-20.5 , as last amended by Laws of Utah 1997, Chapter 365
40	78-11-21 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 1977, Chapter 181
41	78-35-5, as last amended by Laws of Utah 1991, Chapter 241
42	78-45f-902 , as enacted by Laws of Utah 2000, Chapter 161
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44	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
45	Section 1. Section 78A-1-106 is enacted to read:
46	78A-1-106. Transition clause Recodification of Title 78.
47	For purposes of a matter pending in any court beginning February 7, 2008 through
48	August 31, 2008, citation to an appropriate section in the previous Title 78, Judicial Code, shall
49	be considered a proper citation to the corresponding section in Title 78A, Judiciary and Judicial
50	Administration, or Title 78B, Judicial Code.
51	Section 2. Section 78A-1-107 is enacted to read:
52	78A-1-107. Savings clause Recodification of Title 78.
53	The provisions of Title 78A, Judiciary and Judicial Administration, and Title 78B,
54	Judicial Code, are considered a continuation of the previous Title 78, Judicial Code. No loss of
55	rights, interruption of jurisdiction, or prejudice to matters pending in any court on February 7,
56	2008 shall result from the enactment of Titles 78A and 78B. With respect to the organization
57	of the courts, the offices of all officers and employees, shall be construed as continuations of the

58	previous Title 78, Judicial Code. The tenure of justices, judges, justices of the peace, officers,
59	and employees of the courts in office on February 7, 2008 is not affected by its enactment.
60	Section 3. Section 78A-6-1220 , which is renumbered from Section 78-57-110 is
61	renumbered and amended to read:
62	[78-57-110]. <u>78A-6-1220.</u> School credit.
63	Local school boards may provide school credit for participation as a member of a Youth
64	Court.
65	Section 4. Section 78B-2-113 is amended to read:
66	78B-2-113. Effect of payment, acknowledgment, or promise to pay.
67	[(1) An action based on a contract may not be brought without the defendant's
68	agreement in writing if the defendant has:
69	[(a) paid any portion of the principal or interest; or]
70	[(b) acknowledged the debt or claim in writing.]
71	(1) An action for recovery of a debt may be brought within the applicable statute of
72	<u>limitations from the date:</u>
73	(a) the debt arose;
74	(b) a written acknowledgment of the debt or a promise to pay is made by the debtor; or
75	(c) a payment is made on the debt by the debtor.
76	(2) If a right of action is barred by the provisions of any statute, it shall be unavailable
77	either as a cause of action or ground for defense.
78	Section 5. Section 78B-6-121 is amended to read:
79	78B-6-121. Consent of unmarried biological father.
80	(1) Except as provided in Subsections (2)(a) and [76B-6-122] <u>78B-6-122</u> (1), and
81	subject to Subsection (5), with regard to a child who is placed with adoptive parents more than
82	six months after birth, consent of an unmarried biological father is not required unless the
83	unmarried biological father:
84	(a) (i) developed a substantial relationship with the child by:
85	(A) visiting the child monthly, unless the unmarried biological father was physically or

financially unable to visit the child on a monthly basis; or

- (B) engaging in regular communication with the child or with the person or authorized agency that has lawful custody of the child;
 - (ii) took some measure of responsibility for the child and the child's future; and
- (iii) demonstrated a full commitment to the responsibilities of parenthood by financial support of the child of a fair and reasonable sum in accordance with the father's ability; or
 - (b) (i) openly lived with the child:
- (A) (I) for a period of at least six months during the one-year period immediately preceding the day on which the child is placed with adoptive parents; or
- (II) if the child is less than one year old, for a period of at least six months during the period of time beginning on the day on which the child is born and ending on the day on which the child is placed with adoptive parents; and
 - (B) immediately preceding placement of the child with adoptive parents; and
- (ii) openly held himself out to be the father of the child during the six-month period described in Subsection (1)(b)(i)(A).
- (2) (a) If an unmarried biological father was prevented from complying with a requirement of Subsection (1) by the person or authorized agency having lawful custody of the child, the unmarried biological father is not required to comply with that requirement.
- (b) The subjective intent of an unmarried biological father, whether expressed or otherwise, that is unsupported by evidence that the requirements in Subsection (1) have been met, shall not preclude a determination that the father failed to meet the requirements of Subsection (1).
- (3) Except as provided in Subsection 78B-6-122(1), and subject to Subsection (5), with regard to a child who is six months of age or less at the time the child is placed with adoptive parents, consent of an unmarried biological father is not required unless, prior to the time the mother executes her consent for adoption or relinquishes the child for adoption, the unmarried biological father:
 - (a) initiates proceedings in a district court of the state to establish paternity under Title

114	78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act;
115	(b) files with the court that is presiding over the paternity proceeding a sworn affidavit:
116	(i) stating that he is fully able and willing to have full custody of the child;
117	(ii) setting forth his plans for care of the child; and
118	(iii) agreeing to a court order of child support and the payment of expenses incurred in
119	connection with the mother's pregnancy and the child's birth;
120	(c) consistent with Subsection (4), files notice of the commencement of paternity
121	proceedings, described in Subsection (3)(a), with the state registrar of vital statistics within the
122	Department of Health, in a confidential registry established by the department for that purpose;
123	and
124	(d) offered to pay and paid a fair and reasonable amount of the expenses incurred in
125	connection with the mother's pregnancy and the child's birth, in accordance with his financial
126	ability, unless:
127	(i) he did not have actual knowledge of the pregnancy;
128	(ii) he was prevented from paying the expenses by the person or authorized agency
129	having lawful custody of the child; or
130	(iii) the mother refuses to accept the unmarried biological father's offer to pay the
131	expenses described in this Subsection (3)(d).
132	(4) The notice described in Subsection (3)(c) is considered filed when it is entered into
133	the registry described in Subsection (3)(c).
134	(5) Consent of an unmarried biological father is not required under this section if:
135	(a) the court determines, in accordance with the requirements and procedures of Title
136	78A, Chapter 6, Part 5, Termination of Parental Rights Act, that the unmarried biological
137	father's rights should be terminated, based on the petition of any interested party; or
138	(b) (i) a declaration of paternity declaring the unmarried biological father to be the
139	father of the child is rescinded under Section 78B-15-306; and
140	(ii) the unmarried biological father fails to comply with Subsection (3) within ten
141	business days after the day that notice of the rescission described in Subsection (5)(b)(i) is

142	mailed by the Office of Vital Records within the Department of Health as provided in Section
143	78B-15-306.
144	(6) Unless the adoptee is conceived or born within a marriage, the petitioner in an
145	adoption proceeding shall, prior to entrance of a final decree of adoption, file with the court a
146	certificate from the state registrar of vital statistics within the Department of Health, stating:
147	(a) that a diligent search has been made of the registry of notices from unmarried
148	biological fathers described in Subsection (3)(c); and
149	(b) (i) that no filing has been found pertaining to the father of the child in question; or
150	(ii) if a filing is found, the name of the putative father and the time and date of filing.
151	Section 6. Section 78B-6-122 is amended to read:
152	78B-6-122. Qualifying circumstance.
153	(1) (a) For purposes of this section, "qualifying circumstance" means that, at any point
154	during the time period beginning at the conception of the child and ending at the time the
155	mother executed a consent to adoption or relinquishment of the child for adoption:
156	(i) the child or the child's mother resided, on a permanent or temporary basis, in the
157	state;
158	(ii) the mother intended to give birth to the child in the state;
159	(iii) the child was born in the state; or
160	(iv) the mother intended to execute a consent to adoption or relinquishment of the child
161	for adoption:
162	(A) in the state; or
163	(B) under the laws of the state.
164	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(c)(i), a court shall consider the totality of the
165	circumstances when determining whether an unmarried biological father has demonstrated a full
166	commitment to his parental responsibilities, including, if applicable:
167	(i) efforts he has taken to discover the location of the child or the child's mother;
168	(ii) whether he has expressed or demonstrated an interest in taking responsibility for the
169	child;

170 (iii) whether, and to what extent, he has developed, or attempted to develop, a 171 relationship with the child; 172 (iv) whether he offered to provide and, if the offer was accepted, did provide, financial 173 support for the child or the child's mother; 174 (v) whether, and to what extent, he has communicated, or attempted to communicate, 175 with the child or the child's mother; 176 (vi) whether he has filed legal proceedings to establish his paternity of, and take responsibility for, the child; 177 178 (vii) whether he has filed a notice with a public official or agency relating to: 179 (A) his paternity of the child; or 180 (B) legal proceedings to establish his paternity of the child; or 181 (viii) other evidence that demonstrates that he has demonstrated a full commitment to 182 his parental responsibilities. 183 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 78B-6-121, the consent of an unmarried 184 biological father is required with respect to an adoptee who is under the age of 18 if: 185 (i) (A) the unmarried biological father did not know, and through the exercise of reasonable diligence could not have known, before the time the mother executed a consent to 186 187 adoption or relinquishment of the child for adoption, that a qualifying circumstance existed; 188 (B) before the mother executed a consent to adoption or relinquishment of the child for 189 adoption, the unmarried biological father fully complied with the requirements to establish 190 parental rights in the child, and to preserve the right to notice of a proceeding in connection 191 with the adoption of the child, imposed by: 192 (I) the last state where the unmarried biological father knew, or through the exercise of 193 reasonable diligence should have known, that the mother resided in before the mother executed 194 the consent to adoption or relinquishment of the child for adoption; or 195 (II) the state where the child was conceived; and

(C) the unmarried biological father has demonstrated, based on the totality of the

circumstances, a full commitment to his parental responsibilities, as described in Subsection

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198	(1)(b); or
199	(ii) (A) the unmarried biological father knew, or through the exercise of reasonable
200	diligence should have known, before the time the mother executed a consent to adoption or
201	relinquishment of the child for adoption, that a qualifying circumstance existed; and
202	(B) the unmarried biological father complied with the requirements of Section
203	78B-6-121 before the later of:
204	(I) 20 days after the day that the unmarried biological father knew, or through the
205	exercise of reasonable diligence should have known, that a qualifying circumstance existed; or
206	(II) the time that the mother executed a consent to adoption or relinquishment of the
207	child for adoption.
208	(2) An unmarried biological father who does not fully and strictly comply with the
209	requirements of Section 78B-6-121 and this section is considered to have waived and
210	surrendered any right in relation to the child, including the right to:
211	(a) notice of any judicial proceeding in connection with the adoption of the child; and
212	(b) consent, or refuse to consent, to the adoption of the child.
213	Section 7. Section 78B-6-901 is amended to read:
214	78B-6-901. Form of action Judgment Special execution.
215	[(1) Recovery and enforcement of rights secured by a mortgage on real property may
216	only be pursued according to the provisions of this part.]
217	(1) There is only one action for the recovery of any debt or the enforcement of any right
218	secured solely by mortgage upon real estate and that action shall be in accordance with the
219	provisions of this chapter.
220	(2) A judgment shall include:
221	(a) the amount due, with costs and disbursements;
222	(b) an order for the sale of mortgaged property, or a portion of it to satisfy the amount
223	and accruing costs;
224	(c) direction to the sheriff to proceed and sell the property according to the provisions
225	of law relating to sales on execution; and

226	(d) a special execution or order of sale shall be issued for that purpose.
227	Section 8. Repealer.
228	This bill repeals:
229	Section 78-3a-115.1, Access to abuse, neglect, and dependency hearings.
230	Section 78-11-20.5, Criminal conviction for criminal mischief or criminal trespass
231	not a prerequisite for civil action under chapter.
232	Section 78-11-21, Property damage caused by minor When parent or guardian
233	not liable.
234	Section 78-35-5, Penalties for wrongful acts of defendant.
235	Section 78-45f-902, Severability clause.
236	Section 9. Effective date Retrospective operation.
237	(1) If approved by two-thirds of all the members elected to each house, this bill takes
238	effect upon approval by the governor, or the day following the constitutional time limit of Utah
239	Constitution Article VII, Section 8, without the governor's signature, or in the case of a veto,
240	the date of veto override.
241	(2) This bill has retrospective operation to February 7, 2008.
242	Section 10. Coordinating S.B. 278 with S.B. 16 Technical renumbering.
243	If this S.B. 278 and S.B. 16, Exoneration and Innocence Assistance, both pass, it is the
244	intent of the Legislature that the following sections in S.B. 16 be renumbered as follows:
245	(1) Section 78-35a-300.5 be renumbered to 78B-9-300;
246	(2) Section 78-35a-401 be renumbered to 78B-9-401;
247	(3) Section 78-35a-402 be renumbered to 78B-9-402;
248	(4) Section 78-35a-403 be renumbered to 78B-9-403;
249	(5) Section 78-35a-404 be renumbered to 78B-9-404; and
250	(6) Section 78-35a-405 be renumbered to 78B-9-405.